

Angle Equation Quest

Use angle facts to solve for x .

GRADE 7 • 7.G.B.5

CCSS.Math.Content.7.G.B.5 "Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure."

NAME _____

DATE _____

ANGLE FACTS

Adjacent angles share a side. Vertical angles are equal, complementary angles add to 90 degrees, and supplementary angles add to 180 degrees. Write an equation from the angle relationship, then solve for x .

WORKED EXAMPLE

Two vertical angles measure $(6x + 17)$ degrees and $(3x + 41)$ degrees. Find x .

1. Set equal: $6x + 17 = 3x + 41$.
2. Subtract $3x$: $3x + 17 = 41$.
3. Subtract 17: $3x = 24$.
4. Divide by 3: $x = 8$.

Answer: $x = 8$; each vertical angle is 65 degrees.

PRACTICE 5 problems

- 1** Two adjacent supplementary angles measure $(7x + 5)$ degrees and $(4x + 10)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.

ANSWER _____

- 2** Two complementary angles measure $(9x + 7)$ degrees and $(x + 13)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.

ANSWER _____

- 3** Two vertical angles measure $(12x - 10)$ degrees and $(5x + 39)$ degrees. Find x and the angle measure.

ANSWER _____

- 4** Two vertical angles measure $(11x + 1)$ degrees and $(4x + 50)$ degrees. Find x , then find an angle adjacent to either angle.

ANSWER _____

- 5** Two complementary angles measure $(16x - 5)$ degrees and $(4x + 15)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.

ANSWER _____

APPLY IT Show your work

- 1** At a skate park, a straight ramp edge and a safety rail make two adjacent angles. The angles measure $(12x + 9)$ degrees and $(5x + 1)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

- 2** In an escape-room game, two laser beams cross. Opposite angles measure $(13x - 7)$ degrees and $(7x + 35)$ degrees. Find x and the measure of each opposite angle.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

CHALLENGE One step up

CHALLENGE

A straight angle is split into three adjacent angles measuring $(7x + 7)$ degrees, $(4x + 9)$ degrees, and $(5x + 4)$ degrees. Find x and all three angle measures.

PART 1 • PRACTICE

#	PROBLEM	ANSWER
1	Two adjacent supplementary angles measure $(7x + 5)$ degrees and $(4x + 10)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.	$x = 15$; angles are 110 degrees and 70 degrees.
2	Two complementary angles measure $(9x + 7)$ degrees and $(x + 13)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.	$x = 7$; angles are 70 degrees and 20 degrees.
3	Two vertical angles measure $(12x - 10)$ degrees and $(5x + 39)$ degrees. Find x and the angle measure.	$x = 7$; each vertical angle is 74 degrees.
4	Two vertical angles measure $(11x + 1)$ degrees and $(4x + 50)$ degrees. Find x , then find an angle adjacent to either angle.	$x = 7$; each vertical angle is 78 degrees, and an adjacent angle is 102 degrees.
5	Two complementary angles measure $(16x - 5)$ degrees and $(4x + 15)$ degrees. Find x and both angle measures.	$x = 4$; angles are 59 degrees and 31 degrees.

PART 2 • APPLY IT

- $x = 10$; angles are 129 degrees and 51 degrees.** The adjacent angles form a straight angle, so their measures add to 180 degrees. Write a supplementary-angle equation and solve.
- $x = 7$; each opposite angle is 84 degrees.** Opposite angles formed by intersecting lines are vertical angles, so they are equal. Set the expressions equal and solve.

CHALLENGE

$x = 10$; the angles are 77 degrees, 49 degrees, and 54 degrees.

Accept angle measures in any order when the problem does not name a specific angle. Students may use equivalent equation steps.