

Complex Plane Moves

Use points, vectors, and rotations to compute with complex numbers.

HIGH SCHOOL · HSN-CN.B.5

CCSS.Math.Content.HSN-CN.B.5 “(+) Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication, and conjugation of complex numbers geometrically on the complex plane; use properties of this representation for computation. For example...”

NAME _____

DATE _____

GEOMETRY OF COMPLEX NUMBERS

Treat $a + bi$ as the point (a, b) on the complex plane. Add or subtract by combining horizontal and vertical moves, and reflect across the real axis to find a conjugate. When you multiply, multiply the moduli and add the arguments.

WORKED EXAMPLE

Find $(-2 + 2i)^2$ by using modulus and argument.

1. The modulus of $-2 + 2i$ is $\sqrt{(-2)^2 + 2^2} = 2\sqrt{2}$, and its argument is 135° .
2. Squaring multiplies the modulus by itself: $(2\sqrt{2})^2 = 8$.
3. Squaring adds the arguments: $135^\circ + 135^\circ = 270^\circ$.
4. A point with modulus 8 and argument 270° is $-8i$.

Answer: $-8i$

PRACTICE 6 problems

- 1** Let $z = -4 + 3i$ and $w = 2 - 5i$. Find $z + w$ and give its point on the complex plane.

ANSWER _____

- 2** Find $(5 + 2i) - (-1 + 6i)$.

ANSWER _____

- 3** Find the conjugate of $-3 - 7i$. Give the reflected point on the complex plane.

ANSWER _____

- 4** Find $(2 + i)(3 - 2i)$. Give the product as a complex number and as a point.

ANSWER _____

- 5** A complex number has modulus 5 and argument 150° . What are the modulus and argument of its conjugate? Use an argument between 0° and 360° .

ANSWER _____

- 6** Use modulus and argument to find $(-\sqrt{3} + i)^3$.

ANSWER _____

APPLY IT Show your work

- 1** In a video game, a character's first movement is represented by $-3 + 4i$, and the second movement is represented by $5 + 2i$. What complex number represents the total movement, and what is the character's final point if the character started at the origin?

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

- 2** A digital art app represents a point by $\sqrt{3} + i$. The app rotates the point 120° counterclockwise by multiplying it by $-\frac{1}{2} + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})i$. Find the new complex number.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

CHALLENGE One step up

CHALLENGE

Let $z = -5 + 12i$. Without using FOIL, use modulus and argument to find z times its conjugate. Explain why the result must be a positive real number.

PART 1 • PRACTICE

#	PROBLEM	ANSWER
1	Let $z = -4 + 3i$ and $w = 2 - 5i$. Find $z + w$ and give its point on the complex plane.	$z + w = -2 - 2i$, point $(-2, -2)$
2	Find $(5 + 2i) - (-1 + 6i)$.	$6 - 4i$
3	Find the conjugate of $-3 - 7i$. Give the reflected point on the complex plane.	$-3 + 7i$, point $(-3, 7)$
4	Find $(2 + i)(3 - 2i)$. Give the product as a complex number and as a point.	$8 - i$, point $(8, -1)$
5	A complex number has modulus 5 and argument 150° . What are the modulus and argument of its conjugate? Use an argument between 0° and 360° .	modulus 5, argument 210°
6	Use modulus and argument to find $(-\sqrt{3} + i)^3$.	$8i$

PART 2 • APPLY IT

- $2 + 6i$, final point $(2, 6)$** Add the real parts and the imaginary parts: $(-3 + 5) + (4 + 2)i = 2 + 6i$. The real part is the horizontal coordinate and the imaginary part is the vertical coordinate.
- $-\sqrt{3} + i$** Multiply the two complex numbers and combine like terms. The result is $-\sqrt{3} + i$, which also has the original modulus and an argument increased by 120° .

CHALLENGE

z times conjugate(z) = 169. The modulus of z is 13, so the product has modulus 13 times 13 = 169. The conjugate reflects z across the real axis, so its argument is the opposite of z 's argument. The arguments add to 0° , placing the product on the positive real axis.

Accept equivalent arguments that differ by multiples of 360° , such as -150° for 210° . Accept correctly simplified equivalent complex-number forms and coordinate notation with or without parentheses.