

# Series Sum Sprint

Use geometric-series formulas for finite and infinite sums.

**HIGH SCHOOL • MA.912.AR.10.4**

**MA.912.AR.10.4** "Recognize and apply the formula for the sum of a finite or an infinite geometric series to solve mathematical and real-world problems."

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

## SUM IT UP

For a finite geometric series with first term  $a_1$ , common ratio  $r$ , and  $n$  terms, use  $S_n = a_1(1-r^n)/(1-r)$ . For an infinite geometric series, use  $S = a_1/(1-r)$  only when  $|r| < 1$ .

## WORKED EXAMPLE

Find the sum of the first 4 terms of a geometric series with  $a_1 = 9$  and  $r = -1/3$ .

1. Identify  $a_1 = 9$ ,  $r = -1/3$ , and  $n = 4$ .
2.  $S_4 = 9[1-(-1/3)^4]/[1-(-1/3)]$ .
3.  $S_4 = 9(1-1/81)/(4/3) = 20/3$ .

**Answer: 20/3**

## PRACTICE 6 problems

- 1** Find the sum of the first 6 terms of a geometric series with  $a_1 = 5$  and  $r = 1/2$ .

**ANSWER** \_\_\_\_\_

- 2** Find the sum of the first 5 terms of a geometric series with  $a_1 = 7$  and  $r = -2$ .

**ANSWER** \_\_\_\_\_

- 3** Find the sum of the infinite geometric series with  $a_1 = 12$  and  $r = 1/6$ .

**ANSWER** \_\_\_\_\_

- 4** Find the sum of the first 2 terms of the series  $150 + 30 + 6 + \dots$

**ANSWER** \_\_\_\_\_

- 5** An infinite geometric series has sum 30 and common ratio  $1/5$ . Find its first term.

**ANSWER** \_\_\_\_\_

- 6** Find the sum of the first 7 terms of a geometric series with  $a_1 = 2$  and  $r = -1/2$ .

**ANSWER** \_\_\_\_\_

## APPLY IT Show your work

- 1** A student earns \$160 from a design job in the first month. Each following month, the student earns half as much as the month before. How much will the student earn during the first 6 months?

WORK SPACE

ANSWER \_\_\_\_\_

- 2** A music app gives 60 bonus points on the first day of a promotion. Each new day's bonus is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the previous day's bonus. If the pattern continues forever, how many total bonus points will the app give?

WORK SPACE

ANSWER \_\_\_\_\_

## CHALLENGE One step up

### CHALLENGE

The sum of the first  $n$  terms of the geometric series  $2 + 6 + 18 + \dots$  is 728. Find  $n$ .

---

---

## PART 1 • PRACTICE

| # | PROBLEM                                                                                 | ANSWER        |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Find the sum of the first 6 terms of a geometric series with $a_1 = 5$ and $r = 1/2$ .  | <b>315/32</b> |
| 2 | Find the sum of the first 5 terms of a geometric series with $a_1 = 7$ and $r = -2$ .   | <b>77</b>     |
| 3 | Find the sum of the infinite geometric series with $a_1 = 12$ and $r = 1/6$ .           | <b>72/5</b>   |
| 4 | Find the sum of the first 2 terms of the series $150 + 30 + 6 + \dots$                  | <b>180</b>    |
| 5 | An infinite geometric series has sum 30 and common ratio $1/5$ . Find its first term.   | <b>24</b>     |
| 6 | Find the sum of the first 7 terms of a geometric series with $a_1 = 2$ and $r = -1/2$ . | <b>43/32</b>  |

## PART 2 • APPLY IT

- \$315** Use  $a_1 = 160$ ,  $r = 1/2$ , and  $n = 6$  in the finite geometric-series formula. The sum is  $160(1-(1/2)^6)/(1-1/2) = 315$ .
- 180 points** Because  $|2/3| < 1$ , use the infinite geometric-series formula. The sum is  $60/(1-2/3) = 180$ .

## CHALLENGE

**n = 6**

Accept equivalent fraction forms and mixed numbers where appropriate. For infinite-series items, students should use the formula only when the common ratio has absolute value less than 1.