

Interest and Choices

Compare the cost of buying now and planning ahead.

HIGH SCHOOL • MA.912.FL.3.2

MA.912.FL.3.2 "Solve real-world problems involving simple, compound and continuously compounded interest."

NAME _____

DATE _____

INTEREST FORMULAS

For simple interest, use $I=Prt$, then find the total with $A=P+I$.
For compound interest, use $A=P(1+r/n)^{nt}$, and for continuous interest, use $A=Pe^{rt}$. In each formula, P is the starting amount, r is the annual rate as a decimal, t is time in years, and n is the number of compounding periods per year.

WORKED EXAMPLE

Find the total amount for \$350 invested at 7% simple interest for 2 years.

1. Convert the rate: $7\%=0.07$.
2. Find the interest: $I=350(0.07)(2)=49$.
3. Add the interest: $A=350+49=399$.

Answer: \$399

PRACTICE 6 problems

- 1** How much simple interest does \$250 earn at 8% for 3 years?

ANSWER _____

- 2** Find the total amount of \$900 invested at 5% simple interest for 4 years.

ANSWER _____

- 3** Find the total amount of \$500 invested at 10% compounded annually for 3 years.

ANSWER _____

- 4** A \$1,000 balance earns 12% annual interest compounded monthly for one month. Find the new balance.

ANSWER _____

- 5** Write the exact accumulated amount for \$300 invested continuously at 4% for 5 years.

ANSWER _____

- 6** An \$800 balance grows to \$968 with simple interest after 4 years. What annual interest rate was used?

ANSWER _____

APPLY IT Show your work

- 1** A laptop has a cash price of \$600. A store lets you finance it for one year at 6% simple interest. How much will you pay in all, and how much more is that than paying the cash price?

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

- 2** You plan to buy a used car in 3 years. You deposit \$2,000 in an account that pays 5% interest compounded annually. How much money will be in the account, and how much interest will you earn?

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

CHALLENGE One step up

CHALLENGE

A \$1,000 purchase will be paid in one lump sum after 3 years. Plan A charges 10% simple interest. Plan B charges 10% interest compounded annually. Which plan costs less? Give both total costs, the difference, and explain why.

PART 1 • PRACTICE

#	PROBLEM	ANSWER
1	How much simple interest does \$250 earn at 8% for 3 years?	\$60
2	Find the total amount of \$900 invested at 5% simple interest for 4 years.	\$1,080
3	Find the total amount of \$500 invested at 10% compounded annually for 3 years.	\$665.50
4	A \$1,000 balance earns 12% annual interest compounded monthly for one month. Find the new balance.	\$1,010
5	Write the exact accumulated amount for \$300 invested continuously at 4% for 5 years.	$\\$300e^{0.20}$
6	An \$800 balance grows to \$968 with simple interest after 4 years. What annual interest rate was used?	5.25%

PART 2 • APPLY IT

- \$636 total, which is \$36 more than the cash price.** Use $I = Prt$: $I = 600(0.06)(1) = 36$. Add the interest to the cash price, $600 + 36 = 636$.
- \$2,315.25 in the account, with \$315.25 interest earned.** Use $A = 2000(1.05)^3 = 2315.25$. Subtract the original deposit: $2315.25 - 2000 = 315.25$.

CHALLENGE

Plan A costs less. Plan A costs \$1,300, and Plan B costs \$1,331, so Plan A costs \$31 less. Plan B is higher because compound interest is added to the balance each year, so later interest is charged on earlier interest.

Accept equivalent exact forms for the continuous-interest answer, such as $\$300e^{0.2}$. Require money answers to include the correct cents when needed, and accept equivalent reasoning that identifies compound interest as interest earned on prior interest.