

Coordinate Moves

Name the move, then write the rule.

HIGH SCHOOL • MA.912.GR.2.1

MA.912.GR.2.1 "Given a preimage and image, describe the transformation and represent the transformation algebraically using coordinates."

NAME _____

DATE _____

TRACK BOTH COORDINATES

Match each preimage coordinate to its image coordinate. A translation has the rule $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+a,y+b)$, where a is the horizontal change and b is the vertical change. For reflections and rotations, look for swapped coordinates or changes in signs, then state the coordinate rule.

WORKED EXAMPLE

Point D(-14,15) maps to D'(-3,22).
Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

1. Compare x-coordinates: $-3 - (-14) = 11$.
2. Compare y-coordinates: $22 - 15 = 7$.
3. Add 11 to x and 7 to y .

**Answer: Translation right 11 and up 7;
 $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+11,y+7)$.**

PRACTICE 6 problems

- 1** P(-2,5) maps to P'(4,1), and Q(0,-1) maps to Q'(6,-5). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

ANSWER _____

- 2** Q(5,-2) maps to Q'(2,5), and R(1,4) maps to R'(-4,1). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

ANSWER _____

- 3** R(-4,1) maps to R'(4,1), and S(-1,-5) maps to S'(1,-5). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

ANSWER _____

- 4** T(2,-5) maps to T'(2,5), and U(-4,1) maps to U'(-4,-1). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

ANSWER _____

- 5** V(-1,4) maps to V'(1,-4), and W(5,-2) maps to W'(-5,2). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

ANSWER _____

- 6** X(-5,2) maps to X'(2,-5), and Y(1,4) maps to Y'(4,1). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

ANSWER _____

APPLY IT Show your work

- 1** A game designer places a triangular badge with vertices $H(-6,2)$, $J(-1,5)$, and $K(-4,-2)$ on the left side of a game screen. The matching badge has vertices $H'(6,2)$, $J'(1,5)$, and $K'(4,-2)$. Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

- 2** For a short video intro, a student rotates a logo. The original vertices are $M(-4,6)$, $N(1,2)$, and $O(-5,-2)$. The new vertices are $M'(6,4)$, $N'(2,-1)$, and $O'(-2,5)$. Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

CHALLENGE One step up

CHALLENGE

A graphic starts with $A(0,0)$, $B(2,0)$, and $C(0,5)$. Its final image is $A'(4,-2)$, $B'(4,0)$, and $C'(-1,-2)$. The graphic was rotated about the origin and then translated. Determine both transformations, write one combined coordinate rule, and explain how the point pairs support your answer.

PART 1 • PRACTICE

#	PROBLEM	ANSWER
1	P(-2,5) maps to P'(4,1), and Q(0,-1) maps to Q'(6,-5). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.	Translation right 6 and down 4; $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+6,y-4)$.
2	Q(5,-2) maps to Q'(2,5), and R(1,4) maps to R'(-4,1). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.	Rotation 90 degrees counterclockwise about the origin; $(x,y) \rightarrow (-y,x)$.
3	R(-4,1) maps to R'(4,1), and S(-1,-5) maps to S'(1,-5). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.	Reflection across the y-axis; $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x,y)$.
4	T(2,-5) maps to T'(2,5), and U(-4,1) maps to U'(-4,-1). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.	Reflection across the x-axis; $(x,y) \rightarrow (x,-y)$.
5	V(-1,4) maps to V'(1,-4), and W(5,-2) maps to W'(-5,2). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.	Rotation 180 degrees about the origin; $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x,-y)$.
6	X(-5,2) maps to X'(2,-5), and Y(1,4) maps to Y'(4,1). Describe the transformation and write its coordinate rule.	Reflection across the line $y=x$; $(x,y) \rightarrow (y,x)$.

PART 2 • APPLY IT

- Reflection across the y-axis; $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x,y)$.** Each x-coordinate changes to its opposite, while each y-coordinate stays the same. This is a reflection across the y-axis.
- Rotation 90 degrees clockwise about the origin; $(x,y) \rightarrow (y,-x)$.** Each image point uses the original y-coordinate as its x-coordinate and the opposite of the original x-coordinate as its y-coordinate. That rule represents a 90-degree clockwise rotation about the origin.

CHALLENGE

The vectors from A to B and A to C turn from right and up to up and left, so the figure rotates 90 degrees counterclockwise about the origin. Then it translates right 4 and down 2; the combined rule is $(x,y) \rightarrow (-y+4,x-2)$.

Accept equivalent wording for directions and equivalent coordinate-rule formatting. For the challenge, accept the transformations stated in the correct order or the correct combined rule with a valid explanation based on coordinate changes.