

Proof Pivot

Build direct proofs and contradiction proofs.

HIGH SCHOOL • MA.912.LT.4.8

MA.912.LT.4.8 "Construct proofs, including proofs by contradiction."

NAME _____

DATE _____

CONTRADICTION STEPS

To prove a statement by contradiction, assume its opposite is true. Use definitions and algebra until the assumption leads to an impossible result, then reject the assumption.

WORKED EXAMPLE

Prove by contradiction: No integer x has $x^2 = 90$.

1. Assume an integer x has $x^2 = 90$.
2. A number of the form x^2 must be a perfect square.
3. $9^2 = 81 < 90 < 100 = 10^2$, so 90 is not a perfect square.
4. This contradicts $x^2 = 90$.

Answer: No integer x has $x^2 = 90$.

PRACTICE 5 problems

- 1** Prove by contradiction: No integer x has $x^2 = 3$.

ANSWER _____

- 2** Prove: If x is odd, then x^2 is odd.

ANSWER _____

- 3** Prove by contradiction: If x^2 is even, then x is even.

ANSWER _____

- 4** Prove: The sum of two odd integers is even.

ANSWER _____

- 5** Prove by contradiction: There is no greatest even integer.

ANSWER _____

APPLY IT Show your work

- 1** A yearbook editor wants a square photo mosaic with exactly 45 photos, using the same number of photos in each row and column. Prove this plan is impossible.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

- 2** An esports club has 13 members. A schedule claims that each member will play exactly 7 matches against other club members. Prove the schedule is impossible.

WORK SPACE

ANSWER _____

CHALLENGE One step up

CHALLENGE

Use contradiction to prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational.

PART 1 · PRACTICE

#	PROBLEM	ANSWER
1	Prove by contradiction: No integer x has $x^2 = 3$.	Assume $x^2 = 3$ for an integer x. Since $1^2 < 3 < 2^2$, 3 is not a perfect square. This is a contradiction, so no such integer x exists.
2	Prove: If x is odd, then x^2 is odd.	Let $x = 2k + 1$. Then $x^2 = 4k^2 + 4k + 1 = 2(2k^2 + 2k) + 1$, so x^2 is odd.
3	Prove by contradiction: If x^2 is even, then x is even.	Assume x^2 is even but x is odd. Then $x = 2k + 1$, so $x^2 = 2(2k^2 + 2k) + 1$, which is odd. This contradicts x^2 being even, so x is even.
4	Prove: The sum of two odd integers is even.	Let the integers be $2a + 1$ and $2b + 1$. Their sum is $2a + 2b + 2 = 2(a + b + 1)$, so it is even.
5	Prove by contradiction: There is no greatest even integer.	Assume N is the greatest even integer. Then $N + 2$ is even and greater than N, a contradiction. Therefore, there is no greatest even integer.

PART 2 · APPLY IT

- The plan is impossible.** If there are x photos in each row and column, then $x^2 = 45$. Since $6^2 < 45 < 7^2$, 45 is not a perfect square.
- The schedule is impossible.** The schedule would count $13 \times 7 = 91$ player-match entries. Each match gives exactly 2 entries, so the total must be even, but 91 is odd.

CHALLENGE

Assume $\sqrt{2} = a/b$ for integers a and b with no common factor. Then $a^2 = 2b^2$, so a^2 is even and a is even. Let $a = 2k$. Then $4k^2 = 2b^2$, so $b^2 = 2k^2$ and b is even. Both a and b are even, contradicting that the fraction was in lowest terms. Therefore $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational.

Accept equivalent variable names and equivalent algebraic forms. For contradiction proofs, students must state an assumption opposite the claim and identify the contradiction.