

# Pick One Today

Students connect limited money to making a choice.

**1.8.B** “explain why wanting more than they can have requires that people make choices; and”

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

Teacher: this page is run aloud. The script and answers are on the guide page.

## 1 CHOOSE AN ITEM \_\_\_\_\_

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| a | A | B | C |
| b | A | B | C |
| c | A | B | C |

## 2 WHY CHOOSE? \_\_\_\_\_

|   |      |        |      |
|---|------|--------|------|
| a | MORE | ENOUGH | ZERO |
| b | ONE  | ALL    | NONE |

**HOW TO RUN THIS PAGE**

Read each story and the printed choices aloud. Students show that wanting more items than they can buy means they must choose one option.

Students never read directions on this sheet. Read each part's script aloud, then each prompt, giving think time before students mark.

**PART 1 • CHOOSE AN ITEM**

**SAY** “Listen to each shopping story. The letters A, B, and C stand for different items. Which item can the shopper choose if the shopper spends all the money?”

| ROW | SAY                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | STUDENTS CIRCLE |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| a   | A is a pen that costs 2 dollars. B is a notebook that costs 4 dollars. C is a ruler that costs 5 dollars. Lee has 4 dollars and wants all three items, but Lee can buy only one item today. Which letter shows the item Lee can choose if Lee spends all 4 dollars? | <b>B</b>        |
| b   | A is crayons that cost 3 dollars. B is a book that costs 2 dollars. C is glue that costs 1 dollar. Ana has 3 dollars and wants all three items, but Ana can buy only one item today. Which letter shows the item Ana can choose if Ana spends all 3 dollars?        | <b>A</b>        |
| c   | A is a sticker that costs 1 dollar. B is a folder that costs 2 dollars. C is a game that costs 5 dollars. Mo has 5 dollars and wants all three items, but Mo can buy only one item today. Which letter shows the item Mo can choose if Mo spends all 5 dollars?     | <b>C</b>        |

**PART 2 • WHY CHOOSE?**

**SAY** “When people want more things than their money can buy, they must pick. Listen to each story and circle the word that answers the question.”

| ROW | SAY                                                                                                                                                                         | STUDENTS CIRCLE |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| a   | Nia wants two snacks. Nia has enough money for one snack, not two snacks. The words are MORE, ENOUGH, and ZERO. Which word tells why Nia must choose?                       | <b>MORE</b>     |
| b   | Omar wants 3 pencils. Omar has money for 1 pencil, and the store has all 3 pencils. The words are ONE, ALL, and NONE. Which word tells how many pencils Omar can buy today? | <b>ONE</b>      |

**WHAT TO ACCEPT**

Part 1 answers are B, A, C. Part 2 answers are MORE and ONE. Accept a clear circle around the correct letter or word.