

War's Ripple Effects

Trace three causes and effects connected to the War of 1812.

5.4.A "describe the causes and effects of the War of 1812 such as impressment of sailors, territorial conflicts with Great Britain, and the increase in U.S. manufacturing;"

NAME _____

DATE _____

1 READ AND MARK _____ Read it twice

YOUR JOB Underline the three bold Cause statements and circle the three bold Effect statements.
Draw a pencil line from each cause to the effect with the same number.

Three Connected Changes

- ① Before 1812, Great Britain was fighting France and needed sailors for its navy. British naval officers stopped some American ships and forced sailors into British service, including men who said they were Americans. This practice was called impressment. **Cause 1:** Britain impressed American sailors. **Effect 1:** Congress officially declared war on Great Britain in June 1812 after a debate.
- ② Another dispute grew along the western frontier. Some U.S. settlers wanted to move onto Native American lands, while Native American nations resisted those moves. U.S. leaders believed Great Britain in Canada supported Native American resistance. **Cause 2:** Territorial conflicts involved Great Britain and the United States. **Effect 2:** The war included fighting among U.S. forces, British forces, and Native American allies on the frontier.
- ③ During the war, British warships patrolled the Atlantic coast and prevented many merchant ships from entering American ports. Imports had been important to shops in cities and small towns. Shop owners sold cloth, tools, dishes, and other goods brought from overseas. **Cause 3:** The British blockade cut off many imports. **Effect 3:** U.S. businesses made more goods at home, increasing U.S. manufacturing.

2 ANSWER WITH EVIDENCE _____ Use the passage

1 What did Britain do to American sailors in Cause 1?

2 What was the effect of impressment described in Effect 1?

3 How did the territorial conflicts in Cause 2 affect the war?

4 What economic effect did the British blockade have on the United States?

3 YOUR TURN _____ Your own words

Write exactly four sentences for a newspaper brief near the end of the War of 1812. Explain two different causes of the war and one effect of the British blockade. Use the words because, so, and as a result.

PART 1 • READ AND MARK

Underline the three bold Cause statements and circle the three bold Effect statements. Draw a pencil line from each cause to the effect with the same number. Accept any marking that follows this job and points at the right text.

PART 2 • ANSWERS

#	QUESTION	ANSWER
1	What did Britain do to American sailors in Cause 1?	Britain impressed American sailors, forcing sailors into British service.
2	What was the effect of impressment described in Effect 1?	Congress officially declared war on Great Britain in June 1812.
3	How did the territorial conflicts in Cause 2 affect the war?	The war included fighting among U.S. forces, British forces, and Native American allies on the frontier.
4	What economic effect did the British blockade have on the United States?	U.S. businesses made more goods at home, increasing U.S. manufacturing.

PART 3 • YOUR TURN (SAMPLE ANSWER)

Britain impressed American sailors because it needed sailors for its navy. Territorial conflicts also involved Great Britain and the United States, so leaders faced another dispute. British warships blocked ports during the war. As a result, U.S. businesses made more goods at home, and manufacturing increased.

Accept equivalent descriptions of impressment, territorial conflicts, frontier fighting, the blockade, and increased manufacturing. For the newspaper brief, check for two accurate causes, the blockade's manufacturing effect, four sentences, and the required linking words.